Tips For Customising Configuration Wizards

ver 2010-06-22

Contents

Overview	2
Requirements	2
Applications	2
WinSCP and Putty	2
Adding A Service To An Existing Wizard	3
Goal	3
Backup Original CW + Create Copy	3
Windows Server CW	3
Disk Read Write Services	4
Add Read Service To CW Stage2	4
Add Write Service To CW Stage2	8
Upload The Custom CW	9
Test The Custom CW	9
End Of Chapter	9
Windows Performance Counters (WPC)	10
Identifying WPC	10
Extra Backslashes	11
Understanding How WPC Are Used In Nagios XI	11
Nagios XI Service Relationship Map	11
Plugins	11
Command Line / Commands	12
Commands In Nagios XI	12
End Of Chapter	13
Troubleshooting	14
White Screen	14
Ahout Me	15

Overview

Nagios XI comes with built in Configuration Wizards (CW) that allow you to monitor a host with little effort.

You may have a handful of services that you would like to add to a CW so you do not have to manually create them after the CW has been run. It is easy to modify an existing CW to include your customisations.

You can also create your own CW once you have understood the how a configuration wizard works.

This document is a guide of tips to help you achieve this. This document is a work in progress so some sections may not be complete or 100% correct.

Requirements

My background experience is Microsoft Windows so this guide is focussed on performing all these actions from a Windows 7 PC.

I will direct you to save files to C:\NagiosXI\ as we progress through the guide.

This document is based on a running virtual machine of Nagios XI downloaded from the Nagios Enterprise website. It is recommended to be running the most up to date release version of Nagios XI.

Applications

There are three main programs I use throughout this guide:

- Notepad++ is used as the editor
 - o http://notepad-plus-plus.org/
- WinSCP is used to transfer files to / from your Nagios XI server
 - o http://winscp.net/eng/download.php
- Putty is used to remotely access your Nagios XI server to perform console commands
 - o http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/

WinSCP and Putty

The first time you connect to the Nagios XI server it will present a warning dialog box about the Nagios XI host not being in the local cache, click Yes and you will not be prompted again.

All the steps I use with WinSCP are done using the Commander view. To enable this do the following:

- Click Options > Preferences
 - o Click Interface on the left menu
 - Select the Commander radio button
 - o Click OK

Adding A Service To An Existing Wizard

Name: Windows Server

• File name: windowsserver.inc.php

Location: /usr/local/nagiosxi/html/includes/configwizards/windowsserver

Goal

We'll modify the existing Windows Server wizard. I want to add disk read and write services for my Windows hosts. I do not want to use warning or critical values or receive notifications; all I want is the statistical data that will generate pretty graphs.

But first let's back it up

Backup Original CW + Create Copy

Please create the directory C:\NagiosXI\Backup.

Open WinSCP

• Hostname: IP address of your Nagios XI server

Username: root

Password: Your root Password (nagiosxi by default)

- Click the Login button
- Click in the right pane
- Click the Open directory/bookmark icon [Remote > Goto > Open directory/bookmark]
 - o In the remote directory type in /usr/local/nagiosxi/html/includes/configwizards/windowsserver
 - o Click OK
- In the left pane browse to C:\NagiosXI\Backup
- Drag the windowsserver.inc.php file from the right pane to the left pane
- Click the Copy button
- Wait for the file to copy
- In the left pane double click on .. Parent directory
- Drag the windowsserver.inc.php file from the right pane to the left pane
- Click the Copy button
- Wait for the file to copy
- Close WinSCP

Windows Server CW

Performance Counters

Figure 1 is a screenshot of the Windows Server CW.

Specify any performance counters that should be monitored. Performance Counter Counter Name Counter Output Format Warning Value Critical Value | \Paging File(_Total)\\% Usa! Page File Usage Paging File usage is %.2f % 70 90 | \Server\\Errors System Logon Errors Login Errors since last rebool 2 20 | \Server Work Queues(0)\\Qu Server Work Queues Current work queue (an indice 4 7)

We will add our disk read and write services to this section of the CW.

Note: in Figure 1 the fields are displayed and can be altered.

We don't require the user to change the fields for disk read/write so we'll just not show them. Here is an example:

Performance Counter	Counter Name	Counte
\\Paging File(_Total)\\% Usa	Page File Usage	Paging Fi
\\Server\\Errors System	Logon Errors	Login Erro
\\Server Work Queues(0)\\Qu	Server Work Queues	Currentw
Disk 0 C: Read Bytes/Sec Monitors Disk Read Bytes/Sec for Disk 0 C: Write Bytes/Sec Monitors Disk Write Bytes/Sec for Dis		

Figure 2

Disk Read Write Services

We are using Windows Performance Counters (WPC) to obtain the data that will be turned into performance graphs.

There is a <u>separate section</u> in this guide that explains the use of WPC.

- \PhysicalDisk(0 C:)\Disk Read Bytes/sec
- \PhysicalDisk(0 C:)\Disk Write Bytes/sec

Note: for every backslash (\) we need to use an escape character (\) so that the backslash is treated as text instead of being an escape character. This means we will end up with:

- \\PhysicalDisk(0 C:)\\Disk Read Bytes/sec
- \\PhysicalDisk(0 C:)\\Disk Write Bytes/sec

Add Read Service To CW Stage2

Open the file C:\NagiosXI\windowsserver.inc.php in Notepad++

We are going to copy and paste an existing service

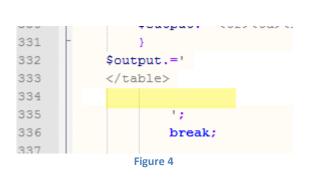
- Press Ctrl + F
 - Type [uptime] and click Find Next
 - o Click Close
- Highlight the entire uptime service (to)

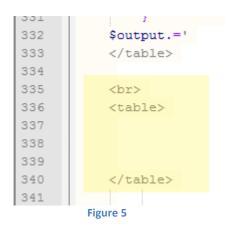
Right click your selection and select Copy

```
204
205
         206
         <input type="checkbox" class="checkbox" name="services[uptime]" checked>
207
208
         209
210
         <b>Uptime</b><br>
         Monitors the uptime on the server.<br>
211
212
         213
         214
```

Figure 3

- Press Ctrl + F
 - Type Performance Counter and click Find Next
 - You will be taken to the Performance Counter section of Stage 2
- Click Close
- After the end of the performance counters section the table ends [see Figure 4]
- We are going to add a line break and then create a new table for our disk read service [see Figure 5]





- Now paste the contents of your clipboard in between the table and make some changes
- Change:
 - <input type="checkbox" class="checkbox" name="services[uptime]" checked>
- To:
- <input type="checkbox" class="checkbox" name="services[disk_0_c_read_bytes_sec]" checked>
- Change:
 - o Uptime

- To:
- Disk 0 C: Read Bytes/Sec

- Change:
 - Monitors the uptime on the server.

- To:
- Monitors Disk Read Bytes/Sec for disk 0 C:

- This should leave you with this:

```
332
         $output.='
333
         334
335
         <br>
336
         337
338
339
         <input type="checkbox" class="checkbox" name="services[disk 0 c read bytes sec]" checked>
340
341
342
343
         <b>Disk 0 C: Read Bytes/Sec</b><br>
344
         Monitors Disk Read Bytes/Sec for disk 0 C:<br>
345
         346
347
         348
349
350
351
                break;
```

Figure 6

- On Figure 6 you can see that I highlighted services[disk_0_c_read_bytes_sec]
- This is the name that this service is called by the configuration wizard
- We will link this up in the end of the CW
- Press **Crtl** + **S** to save our changes so far
- Press Ctrl + F
 - Type case "uptime": and click Find Next
 - You will be taken to the service creation section for the uptime service
- Click Close
- Highlight the entire uptime service (case to break;) Figure 7
- Right click your selection and select Copy

```
492
493
                            case "uptime":
494
                                $objs[]=array(
495
                                    "type" => OBJECTTYPE_SERVICE,
496
                                    "host name" => $hostname,
                                    "service_description" => "Uptime",
497
                                    "use" => "xiwizard windowsserver_nsclient_service",
498
                                    "check command" => "check_xi_service_nsclient!".$password."!UPTIME
499
                                    "_xiwizard" => $wizard_name,
500
                                   );
501
502
                               break;
503
```

Figure 7

Paste this between the uptime service and the disk service Error! Reference source not found.

Figure 8

- Change:
 - o case "uptime"
- To:
- o case "disk_0_c_read_bytes_sec":
- Change:
 - o "service description" => "Uptime",
- To:
- "service description" => "Disk 0 C: Read Bytes/Sec",
- Change:
 - "check_command" => "check_xi_service_nsclient!".\$password."!UPTIME",
- To:
 - "check_command" => "check_xi_service_nsclient!".\$password."!COUNTER! -I "\\PhysicalDisk(0
 C:)\\Disk Read Bytes/sec","Disk 0 C: Read Bytes/Sec is %.f"",
- You should now have a screen that looks like Figure 9:

```
503
                            case "disk 0 c read bytes sec":
504
505
                                $objs[]=array(
                                    "type" => OBJECTTYPE SERVICE,
506
507
                                    "host name" => $hostname,
                                    "service description" => "Disk 0 C: Read Bytes/Sec",
508
509
                                    "use" => "xiwizard windowsserver nsclient service",
                                    "check command" => "check_xi_service_nsclient!".$password."!C
510
                                    " xiwizard" => $wizard name,
511
512
                                    );
513
                                break;
514
```

Figure 9

- You can see that I've highlighted disk_0_c_read_bytes_sec
- This is how we link Stage 2 of the CW with the case section that does the service creation
 - o In Figure 6, line 380 ends with
 - " checked>
 - This defines that the check box will be checked when the wizard runs
 - o If you want the user to make this choice, remove the word checked
 - ">
 - When the checkbox disk_0_c_read_bytes_sec is checked, this tells the CW to process the case section later in the script.
 - o The case section is the bit that actually defines the services that are going to be created

• Press **Crtl** + **S** to save our changes so far

Add Write Service To CW Stage2

You can follow the same steps in <u>Add Read Service To CW Stage2</u>, simply replace the work Read with Write throughout the steps.

You will end up with something similar to Figure 10 and Figure 11.

```
$output.='
333
      334
      <br>
335
336
        337
338
        339
        340
        <input type="checkbox" class="checkbox" name="services[disk_0_c_read_bytes_sec]" checked>
341
        342
        <br/>
<b>Disk 0 C: Read Bytes/Sec</b><br>
343
       Monitors Disk Read Bytes/Sec for disk 0 C:<br/>br>
344
       345
346
       347
348
        349
        <input type="checkbox" class="checkbox" name="services[disk 0 c write bytes sec]" checked>
350
351
        352
       <b>Disk 0 C: Write Bytes/Sec</b><br>
353
       Monitors Disk Write Bytes/Sec for disk 0 C:<br>
354
355
        356
        357
358
        359
360
```

Figure 10

```
514
           case "disk 0 c read bytes sec":
515
               $objs[]=array(
516
                  "type" => OBJECTTYPE SERVICE,
                   "host name" => $hostname,
517
518
                   "service description" => "Disk 0 C: Read Bytes/Sec",
                   "use" => "xiwizard windowsserver nsclient service",
519
520
                   "check command" => "check xi service nsclient!". $password."!(
                   " xiwizard" => $wizard name,
521
522
                   );
523
              break:
524
           case "disk 0 c write bytes sec":
525
526
               $objs[]=array(
                   "type" => OBJECTTYPE SERVICE,
527
528
                   "host name" => $hostname,
529
                   "service description" => "Disk 0 C: Write Bytes/Sec",
                   "use" => "xiwizard windowsserver nsclient service",
530
                   "check command" => "check_xi_service_nsclient!".$password."!(
531
532
                   " xiwizard" => $wizard name,
533
                   );
534
               break;
```

Figure 11

Upload The Custom CW

Open WinSCP

Hostname: IP address of your Nagios XI server

• Username: root

Password: Your root Password (nagiosxi by default)

- Click the Login button
- Click in the right pane
- Click the Open directory/bookmark icon [Remote > Goto > Open directory/bookmark]
 - o In the remote directory type in /usr/local/nagiosxi/html/includes/configwizards/windowsserver
 - o Click OK
- In the left pane browse to C:\NagiosXI\
- Drag the windowsserver.inc.php file from the left pane to the right pane
- Click the Copy button
- Wait for the file to copy
- Close WinSCP

Test The Custom CW

- Login to Nagios XI and run your Custom CW
- You will now have the disk read and write checks available for selection
- Finish the wizard and you'll see your new services you've created for the host you ran the CW against

End Of Chapter

This completes this section on adding a service to an existing configuration wizard.

Windows Performance Counters (WPC)

We can use WPC as a way of obtaining point in time data from a Windows host. <u>NSClient++</u> is the agent on the Windows host that Nagios XI communicates through.

Source Information

A performance object is any resource, application, or service that can be measured. You can select **performance objects**, **counters** and **instances** to collect data about the performance of system components or installed software.

Identifying WPC

How do you know what WPC are available on your Windows host? We use Performance Monitor to browse the currently available counters. I am looking for a *disk read bytes* counter.

- Log onto your Windows host
- Start > Run > perfmon > OK
 - o Click the + icon [Add]
 - We are looking for disk counters, in the list you'll find PhysicalDisk

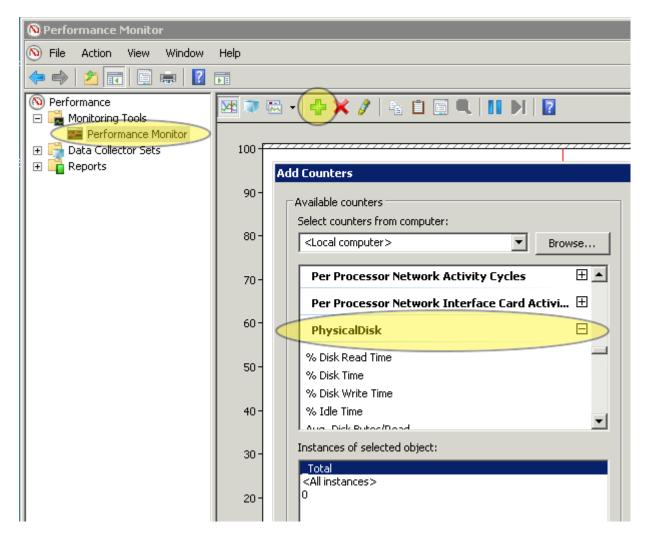


Figure 12

- Select Disk Read Bytes/sec
- o Select O C:
- Click the Add >> button
- Click OK

Right click Disk Read Bytes/sec and select Properties

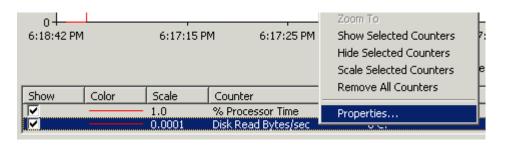


Figure 13



Figure 14

- You can see here the counter is expressed as:
 - PhysicalDisk(0 C:)\Disk Read Bytes/sec
- Click Cancel

Extra Backslashes

When we use WPC in Nagios XI we need to add extra characters. For every backslash (\) we need to use an escape character (\) so that the backslash is treated as plain text. This means we will end up with:

\PhysicalDisk(0 C:)\Disk Read Bytes/sec

I need a link here to some documentation that explains this correctly.

Understanding How WPC Are Used In Nagios XI

There are several components that make your service checks possible. I will attempt to explain how these components work together in Nagios XI. It is assumed that you will already have used NSClient++.

Nagios XI Service Relationship Map

Please refer to the "Nagios XI Service Relationship Map" diagram that shows a graphical representation of how these components work together. *This is a separate PDF file not included with this guide.*

The relationship map and the topics below should hopefully give you a basic understanding of how WPC are used in Nagios XI.

Plugins

- A plugin is a script that is responsible for communicating with devices to gather the information you require
- A plugin could make use of SNMP
 - o Gather information from a switch or router using SNMP
 - Requires no agent
 - SNMP is widely used in enterprise hardware / software
- Some plugins use an agent to perform the checks
 - NSClient++ is an example of an agent

- o The agent is installed on a windows host
- o Nagios XI talks to the agent and issues the request
- The agent then responds back with the results of the request
- check_nt is a plugin that is included with NSClient++
- o We use check_nt for our WPC checks
 - More information about check_nt can be found <u>here</u>

Command Line / Commands

- Every check you perform on your Nagios XI server is issued from the command line
- The plugins used on the command line vary for each type of check
- Here is an example of the check_nt command for WPC:

check_nt -H hostname -s password -p 12489-v COUNTER -I "\\<performance object>\\counter","<description>"

• Now lets translate that command into \PhysicalDisk(0 C:)\Disk Read Bytes/sec

check_nt -H hostname -s password -p 12489-v COUNTER -l "\\PhysicalDisk(0 C:)\\Disk Read Bytes/sec","Disk Read Bytes/sec is %f"

- You can see that I added <u>extra backslashes</u> to the WPC as this is what is required by NSClient++
- I also added the description field that will return the result in the format I require, %f is the returning value from the check_nt command

Commands In Nagios XI

- Here is an example of how Nagios XI uses the check_nt plugin:
 - Figure 15 is the check_xi_service_nsclient command
 - o Figure 16 is from an existing service using a WPC

check_nt -H hostname -s password -p 12489-v COUNTER -I "\\PhysicalDisk(0 C:)\\Disk Read Bytes/sec","Disk Read Bytes/sec is %f"

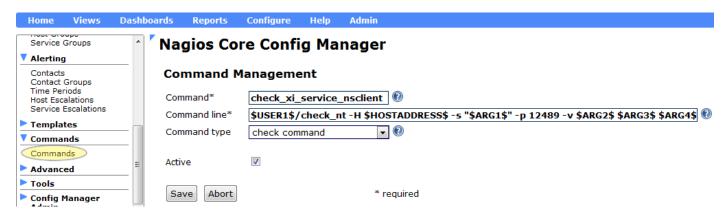


Figure 15

Check command*	check_xi_service_nsclier • 0					
Command view	\$USER1\$/check_nt -H \$HOSTADDRESS\$ -s "\$ARG1\$" -p 12489 -v \$ARG2\$ \$ARG3\$ \$ARG4\$					
\$ARG1\$?	\$ARG5\$			
\$ARG2\$	COUNTER		\$ARG6\$			
\$ARG3\$	-I "\\PhysicalDisk(0 C:)\\Disk		\$ARG7\$			
\$ARG4\$			\$ARG8\$			

Figure 16

- The service is using the check command check_xi_service_nsclient
- The check command check_xi_service_nsclient is using the check_nt plugin
- The \$ARG1\$ \$ARG2\$... fields in the service is how we pass the information we require through to the check_nt command
- \$ARG1\$ is not populated as I was not using a password to connect to this host

You can add your own commands to Nagios XI

- Upload your plugin via the Manage Plugins page
- Using Core Configuration Manager go to the **Commands** section
- Add your own command that runs your uploaded plugin

End Of Chapter

This completes this section on WPC.

Troubleshooting

White Screen

Quite often when there is a mistake in your custom CW code, you will get a blank screen when you try to access the Configure menu as seen in Figure 17.

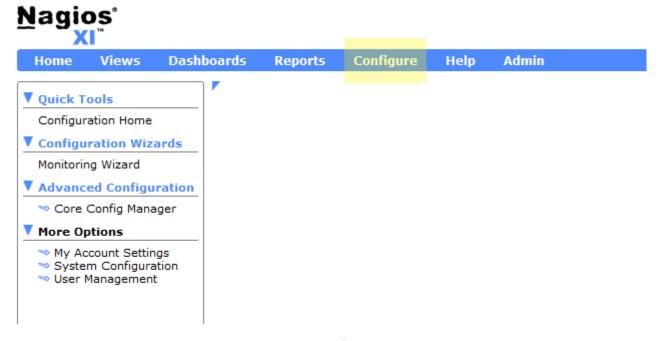


Figure 17

One way to diagnose is to watch the web server log file in real time.

- Access the Console of your Nagios XI server or use Putty to connect to it remotely
- Username: root
- Password: Your root Password (nagiosxi by default)
- Type tail -f /var/log/httpd/error_log and press Enter
- Initially you will be shown the most recent errors
- Press Enter a couple of times to move the text up the screen
- Now go back to your Nagios XI session and click Configure on the top blue menu
- Your Putty session should have updated with some reference to the error, this should help you to determine where in code your mistake lies

```
[Mon Jun 14 23:36:34 2010] [error] [client 192.168.5.21] PHP Warning: Unexpected character in input: '\\' (ASCII=92) state=1 in /usr/local/nagiosxi/html/includes/configwizards/windowsserver/windowsserver.inc.php on line 510, referer: http://192.168.5.196/nagiosxi/config/
[Mon Jun 14 23:36:34 2010] [error] [client 192.168.5.21] PHP Warning: Unexpected character in input: '\\' (ASCII=92) state=1 in /usr/local/nagiosxi/html/includes/configwizards/windowsserver/windowsserver.inc.php on line 510, referer: http://192.168.5.196/nagiosxi/config/
[Mon Jun 14 23:36:34 2010] [error] [client 192.168.5.21] PHP Parse error: syntax error, unexpected T_STRING, expecting ')' in /usr/local/nagiosxi/html/includes/configwizards/windowsserver/windowsserver.inc.php on line 510, referer: http://192.168.5.196/nagiosxi/config/
```

About Me

My name is Troy and I am a Systems Administrator / Engineer based in Newcastle Australia. I can be contacted through the nagios <u>forums</u> as the user Box293 or via my email address <u>nagiosxi@westnet.com.au</u> (contact through forums preferred).